Masonry and Concrete Saws – Video

Overhead Shop Crane Safety – Video

Overhead Shop Crane Safety – Video (Spanish Version)

Nine Basic Construction Safety Rules – Video

Noise – Hear Today Gone

Tomorrow – Video (Spanish Version)

Noise – Hear Today Gone Tomorrow – Video

Permit Confined Space Safety – Video (Spanish Version)

Protect Yourself Against Bloodborne Pathogens – Video (Spanish Version)

Prevention Through Ergonomics – Video

Permit Confined Space Safety – Video

Protect Yourself Against Bloodborne Pathogens – Video

Prevention Through Ergonomics – Video (Spanish Version)

Push or Pull: Safe Materials

Handling – Video

Safety is a Common Language – Video

Safety Training: Stay Alert – Video

Push or Pull: Safe Materials Handling – Video (Spanish Version)

Safety is a Common Language –

Video (Spanish Version)

Safety Training: Stay Alert – Video (Spanish Version)

Working Safely with Concrete and Cement – Video

The Importance of Fall Protection – Video

The Importance of Fall Protection – Video (Spanish

Version)

Working Safely with Concrete and Cement – Video (Spanish Version)

Working Safely with Corrosives – Video (Spanish Version)

Working Safely with Corrosives – Video

First Aid for Hospitality

Meeting Kit

WHAT’S AT STAKE

When working in the hospitality industry, it is crucial to be prepared for any potential accidents or injuries that may occur. Failure to provide proper first aid can result in serious consequences, such as prolonged recovery time, increased medical costs, and decreased productivity.

WHAT’S THE DANGER

When it comes to the danger of not having a well-equipped first aid kit, several risks become apparent.

- **Lack of Preparation:** Hospitality workers often face situations that require immediate medical attention, such as cuts, burns, etc. Lack of preparedness for such incidents can lead to inadequate initial care, worsening the injury. This can be particularly critical in kitchens, where sharp objects and hot surfaces are common, and in housekeeping, where chemical exposures and physical injuries are possible.
- **Lack of Proper First Aid Supplies:** Without essential first aid supplies, minor injuries can become severe, increasing recovery time and potentially leading to infections or more serious health complications.
- **Insufficient Knowledge About the Nature and Magnitude of Risks:** Employees unaware of potential risks may underestimate dangers, leading to inadequate safety measures and increased likelihood of accidents and injuries.
- **Difficulty in Determining Whether a Hazard Exists:** Inability to recognize hazards can prevent pre-emptive actions, exposing employees and guests to preventable risks and potentially resulting in avoidable accidents or health issues.

HOW TO PROTECT YOURSELF

To effectively prepare workers in the hospitality industry for first aid and safety, several key steps should be undertaken:

1. Comprehensive Training Programs: Implement regular first aid training sessions that cover common injuries and emergencies specific to the hospitality sector, such as burns, cuts, slips, and falls. Training should also include CPR and how to use an Automated External Defibrillator (AED).
2. Simulated Emergency Drills: Conduct regular drills to simulate emergency scenarios, helping employees practice their response in a controlled environment. This can improve reaction times and ensure familiarity with emergency procedures.
3. Accessible First Aid Kits: Ensure that well-stocked first aid kits are easily accessible throughout the workplace. Employees should know where these kits are located and how to use the contents properly.
4. Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Provide necessary PPE such as gloves, aprons, and non-slip shoes, and train employees on its correct use. PPE can significantly reduce the risk of injury.
5. Mental Health First Aid: Incorporate mental health first aid into training programs to help employees recognize and respond to signs of stress, anxiety, or other mental health issues among their colleagues.

Responding effectively to different types of emergencies requires specific actions tailored to each situation. Here's a brief overview of what to do in various emergency scenarios:

1. **Cuts and Lacerations:**

   - Apply pressure to the wound with a clean cloth to stop bleeding.
   - Clean the wound with water and apply an antiseptic cream.
   - Cover with a sterile bandage.

1. **Burns:**

- Cool the burn under running water for at least 10 minutes.
- Remove any jewelry or clothing around the burn, if not stuck to it.
- Cover the burn with a sterile, non-fluffy dressing or cloth.

1. **Choking:**

- Encourage the person to cough if they can still breathe.
- Perform back blows and abdominal thrusts (Heimlich maneuver) if coughing doesn't work and the person can't breathe.

1. **Cardiac Arrest:**

- Call for emergency medical services immediately.
- Begin CPR (Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation) if you're trained. Use an AED if available.
- Continue CPR until medical help arrives or the person shows signs of life.

1. **Severe Allergic Reactions (Anaphylaxis):**

- Administer an epinephrine auto-injector if the person has one and you're trained to use it.
- Call for emergency medical help.
- Keep the person calm and lying down, raise their legs if possible.
- Do not rub the affected areas.

1. **Seizures:**

- Keep the person safe from injury by moving nearby objects away.
- Place something soft under their head and turn them onto their side to help breathing.
- Do not try to restrain them or put anything in their mouth.
- Call 911.

FINAL WORD

For all emergencies, it's crucial to call for professional medical help when needed and to ensure that you're trained to provide first aid. Regular training and refreshers can help you stay

prepared for these situations.