

Africanized Honey Bees Stats and Facts

FACTS

1. Insect-related deaths are associated with three types of jobs: farming, construction, and landscaping.
2. About 80 percent of those who die of bee, wasp or hornet stings are men.
3. If a bee does sting someone, others should stay with the victim to make sure an allergic reaction doesn't occur. The sting site should be washed with water and soap and the stinger should be removed – but a fingernail or gauze should be used, rather than squeezing or using tweezers
4. The CDC's site tips for workers to avoid stings include wearing light-colored clothing and not using banana-scented products.
5. Numbers of death may be underreported because of mistaken diagnoses as heart attacks or sunstrokes or may be attributed to other causes. Most individuals only experience minor swelling and pain after being stung, but many individuals can experience other symptoms after a sting. Insect stings can result in any of the following:

- Pain
- Redness
- Swelling
- Flushing
- Hives
- Anaphylaxis.

STATS

- Africanized honeybees are typically much more defensive than other varieties of honeybees, and react to disturbances faster than European honeybees. They can chase a person a

